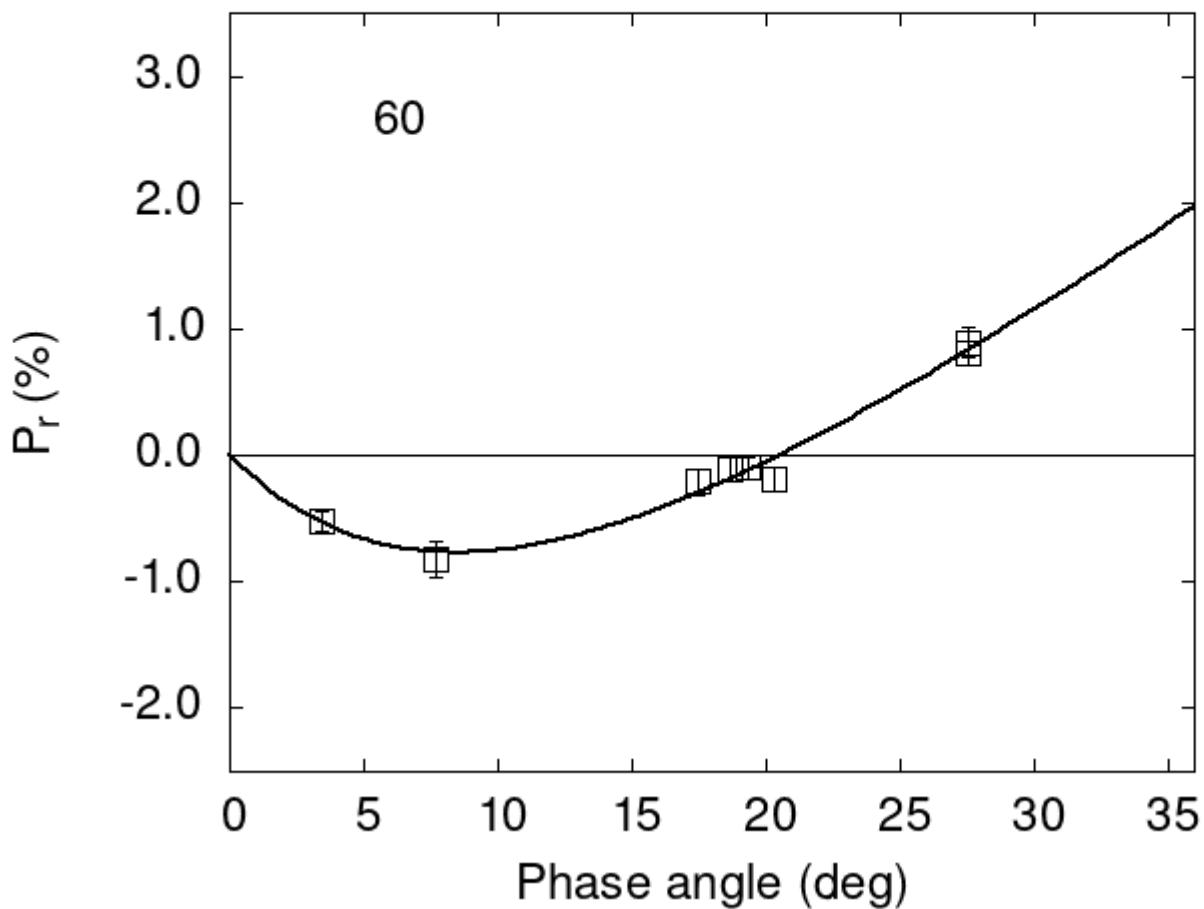


Catalogue of Asteroid Polarization Curves

Gil-Hutton (2023)



Polarimetric data:

The columns list the object number, the phase angle (degrees), P_r (%), its error, the filter used, and the reference code.

| | | | | | |
|----|-------|-------|------|---|---|
| 60 | 3.40 | -0.52 | 0.08 | V | f |
| 60 | 7.67 | -0.82 | 0.14 | V | f |
| 60 | 17.45 | -0.21 | 0.10 | V | f |
| 60 | 18.70 | -0.11 | 0.10 | V | f |
| 60 | 19.35 | -0.10 | 0.09 | V | f |
| 60 | 20.32 | -0.19 | 0.09 | V | f |

```

60 27.53 0.81 0.10 V f
60 27.56 0.89 0.12 V f

```

Polarization Curve Parameters:

The polarimetric parameters were obtained fitting the observations to a polarization curve using the function:

$$P_r(\alpha) = Coe_1 \times \left[\exp\left(-\frac{\alpha}{Coe_2}\right) - 1 \right] + Coe_3 \times \alpha,$$

where α is the phase angle in degrees. The minimum of the polarization curve is identified by Pmin, Phmin is the phase angle where Pmin is reached, Ph0 is the inversion angle, and k is the slope of the polarization curve at Ph0.

```

#
#      Coe1      eCoe1      Coe2      eCoe2      Coe3      eCoe3
# 3.4339  0.6070  9.5592  1.9296  0.1477  0.0171
#
#      Phmin     err      Pmin     err    Ph0      err      k      err
# 8.50   2.03 -0.767  0.462 20.53  0.38 0.1057 0.0210

```